P-TUFF® U55-18
Rapid Curing, 100% Solids, Flexible, Aromatic, Seamless, Two Component, Spray Polyurea Coating System

1.01 DESCRIPTION
P-Tuff® U55-18 is a fast setting, seamless and joint-free coating system made from a rapid-curing, 100% solids, flexible, aromatic, two component, spray polyurea which can be applied to suitably prepared concrete and metal surfaces. Its extremely fast gel time makes it suitable for applications down to -20°F (-29°C). It may be applied in single or multiple applications without appreciable sagging and is relatively insensitive to moisture and temperature allowing application in most temperatures. Please use the correct product grade that complies with VOC regulations as per federal, state, county and city regulations/codes at the place of installation of product.

1.02 FEATURES
• Coats Carbon or Mild Steel Metals Without Primer
• Excellent Thermal Stability
• Good Chemical Resistance
• Installed With or Without Reinforcement in Transitional Areas
• Interior or Exterior Applications
• Meets Usda Criteria
• Non-Reactive
• Seamless
• Low Temperature Flexibility
• No Toxic Vapors
• Odorless
• Zero Voc (100% Solids)

1.03 USES
• Airports
• Fertilizer Plants
• Industrial Facilities
• Manufacturing Facilities
• Mining Operations
• Parking Garage Decks
• Refineries
• Structural Steel
• Warehouse Floors
• Water & Waste Water Treatment
• Cold Storage Facilities
• Food Processing Plants
• Landfill Containment
• Marine Environments
• Paper & Pulp Mills
• Power Plants
• Secondary Containment
• Walkways & Balconies

1.04 COLOR
Neutral. Custom colors are available upon request. Minimum quantity applies, contact Poly-Tuff Systems International (PSI).

Due to its aromatic nature, P-Tuff® U55-18 will tend to yellow or darken in color and will become flat after exposure to UV light. P-Tuff® U55-18 may be top coated with an aliphatic polyurethane/polyurea coating for a color- fast finish.

1.05 PACKAGING
10-gallon kit: 5 gallon (18.9 liters) pail of Side-A and 5-gallon (18.9 liters) pail of Side-B.
100-gallon kit: 50 gallon (189 liters) drum of Side-A and 50-gallon (189 liters) drum of Side-B.

1.06 COVERAGE RATE
P-Tuff® U55-18 may be applied at any rate to achieve desired thickness.

TECHNICAL DATA (Based on draw down films)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pot Life at 150°F (66.5°C)</td>
<td>4 - 8 sec</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tack Free Time (thickness &amp; substrate temperature dependent)</td>
<td>45 - 60 sec</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity at 150-160°F (66.5-71°C) Side-A/Side-B:</td>
<td>50 ± 20 cps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Density (Side A &amp; B Combined)</td>
<td>8.81 lbs/gal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash Point</td>
<td>&gt; 200°F (93.3°C)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tensile Strength, ASTM D-412*</td>
<td>3500 ± 200 psi (24.1 ± 1.4 MPa)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Volatile Organic Compounds, ASTM D-2369-81</td>
<td>0.0 lbs/gal (0 gm/liter)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hardness, ASTM D-2240 Shore D</td>
<td>50 ± 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elongation, ASTM D-412*</td>
<td>450 ± 50%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tear Resistance, ASTM D-412*</td>
<td>450 ± 50 pli (78.8 ± 8.8 kN/m)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Service Temperature - Dry</td>
<td>-40°F to 250°F (-40 to 121.1°C)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Service Temperature - Wet</td>
<td>40°F to 120°F (4.4 to 48.9°C)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water Vapor Permeability, ASTM E-96</td>
<td>0.361 perm-inch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taber Abrasion Resistance, ASTM D4060 (CS17 wheel, 1000 cycles, 1 kg load) (maximum)</td>
<td>6 mg loss</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crack Bridging, ASTM C836 (13°F, 1.6mm crack, 25 cycles)</td>
<td>Pass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Impact Resistance @ 73°F (25°C) (ASTM G14)</td>
<td>&gt; 200 lbs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pull-Off Strength (minimum), ASTM D4541: Inter-Coat Adhesion (within recoat time)</td>
<td>Excellent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Concrete (Shotblasted profile), substrate failure occurred</td>
<td>&gt;500 psi (3.4 MPa)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Concrete (Primed), substrate failure occurred</td>
<td>&gt;500 psi (3.4 MPa)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Steel (90 um blast profile)</td>
<td>&gt;900 psi (6.2 MPa)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lineal Shrinkage</td>
<td>1 - 2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flexibility (1/8” [3mm] Mendrel Bend Test), ASTM D1737</td>
<td>Pass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Resistance to Weathering, ASTM G-23 (Type QUV Weatherometer-3000 hrs exposure)</td>
<td>No cracking or blistering. Color change, gloss reduction &amp; chalking are noted.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(*These physical properties from sample sprayed with Graco Foam Cat 200 @ 2000 psi minimum, with Gusmer GX7-400 mechanical purge gun @ 150-160°F. Different machine and parameter will change these properties. User should perform their own independent testing as properties are approximate.)
Theoretical coverage for 1 mil thickness is one gallon per 1600 sqft (25.4 microns is 3.78 liters/149 sqm).

1.07 SURFACE PREPARATION
In general, coating performance and adhesion are directly proportional to surface preparation. Most failures in the performance of surface coatings can be attributed to poor surface preparation. Polyurea coatings rely on the structural strength of the substrate to which they are applied. All surfaces must be free of dust, dirt, oil, grease, rust, corrosion and other contaminants. When coating a substrate that has been previously used, it is important to consider the possibility of substrate absorption, which may affect the adhesion of the coating system, regardless of the surface preparation. PSI recognizes the potential for unique substrates from one project to another. The following information is for general reference, and for project-specific questions, contact PSI representative.

New and Old Concrete:
Refer to SSPC-SP13/NACE 6, or ICRI 03732: CSP 3-5. New concrete must be cured for 28 days prior to product application. Surface must be clean, dry, sound and offer sufficient profile for product adhesion. Remove all dust, dirt, oil, form release agents, curing compounds, salts, efflorescence, laitance and other foreign matter by shotblasting and/or suitable chemical means, in accordance with local chemical regulations. Rinse thoroughly, to achieve a pH between 8.0 and 11.0. Allow to dry completely. If old concrete has a surface that has deteriorated to an unacceptably rough surface, P-Tuff® US5-18 or a mixture of Enviro-Grip™ #1 and sand should be used as a repair agent for cracks, spalls, bug holes and voids. Upon full cure of the repair agent, prime the entire surface intended for coating.

Concrete Surface Preparation Reference:
- ASTM D4258 – Standard practice for cleaning concrete
- ASTM D4259 – Standard practice for abrading concrete
- ASTM D4260 – Standard practice for etching concrete
- ASTM F1869 – Standard test method for measuring moisture vapor emission rate of concrete
- ICRI 03732 – Concrete surface preparation

Wood:
All wood should be clean, dry and free of any knots, splinters, oil, grease or other contaminants. Splintered or rough areas should be sanded. Knots should be repaired using P-Tuff® US5-18 with sand. Upon full cure of the repair agent, prime the entire surface intended for coating.

Steel (Atmospheric and Immersion Exposure):
Remove all oil, grease, and weld spatters and round off any sharp edges from surface. Minimum surface preparation is Near White Metal Blast Cleaning per SSPC-SP10/NACE 2. Optimum surface profile is 2-3 mils. Prime and shoot P-Tuff® US5-18 on to any bare metal the same day as it is cleaned to minimize any potential flash rusting.

Aluminum:
Aluminum should be blasted with aluminum oxide or sand, and not with steel or metal grit. Excessive blasting may result in a warped or deformed surface. After blasting, wash aluminum with a commercially available aluminum cleaner. Allow to dry, then prime.

Brass and Copper:
Brass and copper should be blasted with sand, and not with steel or metal grit. Remove all dust and grease prior to applying primer.

Galvanized Surfaces:
Clean and degrease any contaminated surfaces before priming. Do not blast galvanized surfaces with an abrasive grit. An adhesion test is recommended prior to starting the project.

Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic:
The gel coat should be lightly blasted or sanded with 80 grit sandpaper and cleaned.

Plastic Foams:
Enhanced adhesion is obtained when the foam is mechanically abraded. When coating polystyrene, do not use a solvent-based primer.

Textiles, Canvas, Fabrics:
Adhesion to most fabrics, geothermal membranes and textiles does not require a primer.

All Other Surfaces:
An adhesion test is recommended prior to starting the project.

1.08 PRIMING
Prime surface as required with Enviro-Grip™ EP#2(SC), #1 or PUR#555 at a rate of 1 gallon/300 sqft or 300 sqft/gallon (0.14 liters/sqm). Apply using a brush or phenolic-core roller. This will result in 3 dry mils (76 microns) of coating. Existing urethane coated surfaces should be primed with Enviro-Grip™ PUR#555.

Rough and pinholed concrete surfaces may require more primer. Discovery of these issues is generally revealed in the mock up. See the Tech-Note Section of the Poly-Tuff website. Do not allow primer to puddle; dry roll excess primer with a dry nap roller to pick up excess primer in puddles and overlaps.

1.09 MIXING
P-Tuff® US5-18 may not be diluted under any circumstances. Use appropriate solvent for solvent purge line and flushing of equipment and if spraying stops for periods exceeding the pot life of the material. Thoroughly mix P-Tuff® US5-18 Side-B Base material with air driven power equipment until a homogeneous mixture and color is attained.

1.10 JOINTS, CRACKS, AND FLASHING
Apply P-Tuff® US5-18 over all primed joints and cracks. Bridge the joints and cracks with 4" (10.16 cm) Super Seal Polyester Tape. Do not prime over Super Seal Tape. Over reinforcement tape apply a thin...
coat of P-Tuff® U55-18 and smooth onto adjacent surface. Optionally in lieu of 3 coursing laps and joints, Super Seal Tape may be used over all cleaned laps, joints and cracks and then coated. Fully reinforced systems do not require the use of Super Seal Tape over joints and cracks.

Wall to deck perimeter flashings shall be either a minimum of 24 gauge galvanzied steel flashing or 40-60 mils (1016-1752 microns) EPDM Sheet Rubber. Flashing shall turn up the wall a minimum of 6"(15.24 cm) and turn out 4" (10.16 cm) onto the deck surface. Metal Flashings require Enviro-Grip™ EP#2. EPDM must be primed with Enviro-Grip™ #1, #2, or PUR#555. The use of Flexi-Flashing™ may often replace corrosive metal flashings.

APPLICATION

2.01 APPLICATION BASICS

P-Tuff® U55-18 should be applied using a 1:1 plural component equipment capable of developing a minimum of 2000 psi and heating the individual component to 170°F (77°C) using an impingement gun. Hose temperature should be maintained at 160-170°F (71-77°C). The P-Tuff® U55-18 material should be preheated to 75- 85°F (24-30°C).

P-Tuff® U55-18 should be sprayed in multi directional passes for a proper uniform thickness.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Recoat Time</td>
<td>0-6 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recommended Applied Thickness</td>
<td>&gt; 2 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Return to Service: Foot Traffic</td>
<td>1 - 4 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Return to Service: Full Service</td>
<td>&gt; 24 hours</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2.02 EQUIPMENT CLEANUP

Equipment should be cleaned immediately after use with an environmentally safe, urethane-grade solvent (alcohol free) as permitted under local regulations.

2.03 SHELF LIFE AND STORAGE

P-Tuff® U55-18 has a shelf life of 12 months from date of manufacture in original, factory-sealed containers when stored indoors at a temperature between 60-95°F (15-35°C).

Avoid freezing temperatures. Store drums on wooden pallets to avoid direct contact with the ground. If stored for a long period of time, rotate Side-A and Side-B drums regularly.

2.04 LIMITATIONS

- Not UV stable.
- Surfaces must be dry, clean, and free of foreign matter.
- Containers that have been opened must be used as soon as possible.
- P-Tuff® U55-18 is difficult to clean up after it has cured.
- Do not dilute P-Tuff® U55-18.
- Mix no more material than can be used with 20 minutes.

WARNING: This product contains epoxy resin and curatives.